## Amendments to the Claims:

Please amend Claims 1, 3-6, 8, and 11 as follows. Please cancel Claims 7 and 9 without prejudice or disclaimer of the subject matter presented therein.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for improving scene classification of a sequence of digital images comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing a sequence of images captured in temporal succession, at least two pairs of consecutive images in the sequence of images having different elapsed times between their capture;
- (b) classifying each of the images individually based on information contained in the individual image to generate a first an initial image classification for each of the images; and
- (c) imposing a pre-determined temporal context model on the sequence of images to generate a final revised image classification for each image, wherein the pre-determined temporal context model considers the temporal succession of the sequence of images.
- 2. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the information used in step (b) includes pixel information.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the information used in step (b) includes <u>capture-device-generated</u> metadata information.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pre-determined temporal context model in step (c) is independent of elapsed time between consecutive <u>images</u> <u>images</u>.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pre-determined temporal context model in step (c) is dependent on elapsed time between consecutive images images.

6. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pre- determined temporal context model is a causal Hidden Markov Model dependent on the a previous image.

## 7. (Cancelled)

8. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pre- determined temporal context model is a non-casual model dependent on both the <u>a</u> previous <u>image</u> and <u>a</u> subsequent <u>images</u> <u>image</u>.

## 9. (Cancelled)

- 10. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the temporal context model is imposed using Viterbi algorithm.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the temporal context model is imposed using the <u>a</u> belief propagation algorithm.